HUNTSVILLE GAZETTE.

HUNTSVILLE GAZETTE COMPANY. "With Charity for All, and Malice towards None." SUBSCRIPTION: $1.50 per Annum.

VOLUME V. HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1884. NUMBER 18.

THE NEWS.

Compiled from Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate on the 5th the Judiciary Committee reported favorably on the bill to legalize the solemnization of marriage and the registration thereof. An act was passed to authorize the Postmaster-General to lease buildings for the first, second and third classes of post-offices, at reasonable rentals, for ten years. A resolution was adopted requesting the President to recall Thomas Ewing from Lima as Delegate to the Pan-American Congress. Mr. Manzanedo, the Mexican Minister, was presented and admitted. Mr. Cockrell, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported favorably on the bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States. Mr. Hoar, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported favorably on the bill for perfecting the Ontonagon & Brule River grant, and submitted an adverse report on the resolution for the relief of the overflow of the Mississippi bottom in North Carolina, but a substitute was reported favorably requesting the Secretary of War to inform the House what steps needed to be taken to prevent the Mississippi River from overflowing its banks. The Indian Appropriation bill was further considered in Committee of the Whole.

In the House Mr. Cox presented a memorial in the form of a petition from the United Labor organization of St. Louis praying that the importation of European mechanics be prohibited. Bills were passed to appropriate $5,000 to reimburse Colonel Albert H. Emery for his services in testing iron and steel; to provide for a system of courts in the Territory of the United States; and a bill was reported favorably fixing the rate of postage on transient newspapers at one cent for four ounces. In Committee of the Whole on the Naval Appropriation bill was rejected—yeas 110, nays 125. In Committee of the Whole on the 7th a bill was passed to increase the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States. A quorum. A favorable report was made on the bill to forfeit lands granted to the Pacific Railroad Company. Adjourned. In the House it was reported that the bill to retire Alfred Mordecai with the rank of Colonel, and a bill was introduced to give him a pension of one hundred dollars per month. Several bills were reported from committees and passed. An evening session was held for the consideration of pension bills.

The Senate was not in session on the 8th. In the House a motion to go into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the Mississippi River bill was defeated—127 to 115. The bill for the Post-office Appropriation bill occupied the remainder of the session.

DOMESTIC.

The exposition to American pork [illegible] quantity of bacon exported last [illegible],000,000 pounds greater than in [illegible] 70 per cent. greater, pork 2,000,000 pounds greater, and lard 45,000,000. The value of hog product exported has increased nearly $10,000,000 the past year.

The business failures throughout the United States and Canada numbered 201, as follows: New England States, 31; Middle States, 51; Western, 77; Southern, 29; Pacific States and Territories, 13. Total in the United States and the Provinces, 43.

Thomas Jones (colored) was executed at Lake Providence, La., for the murder of his wife; Harrison Williams at Corsicana, Tex., for killing a negro slave; and David McClain was hanged at Butler's Hill, Ga., for the murder of William Saxton.

The explosion of the boiler in Dearborn's saw-mill at Pond, Me., killed four men.

The principal business block in Memphis, Scott County, Mo., was burned on the 7th, while killing three persons and injuring others, three mortally.

Two saloons were opened in Ulster County, N. Y., on the 1st inst. "no license." Ellenville merchants threatened to boycott merchants who sold the whisky interest.

The ice gorge which reached Milwaukee from the head of Lake Michigan commenced to move over, with occasional ice-jams, five feet high.

The gauge at Little Rock, Ark., the Mississippi River was forty miles wide on the 7th. Eight persons were drowned there in the flood.

Willie Riley, aged sixteen, and his brother, aged thirteen, were on the 7th murdered by the murder of their father at Mem.

The gambling establishments at Hot Springs, Ark., were closed on the 7th, and the fraternity had evacuated the

Coal mining and Sunday Creek (Ohio) miners were idle on the 7th the haulers strike against a re

A cloudburst over Florence, A. T., on the 7th, water running four feet deep in the street, occasioning $10,000 damage.

The Mississippi Paper Company of Quincy, with liabilities of $97,000, made an assignment on the 7th.

Mr. Gastern, of Omaha, Neb., a guest at the Sherman House, Chicago, the other night, blew out the gas in a room and was suffocated.

Jim Wells, a hard character, brutally murdered Mr. and Mrs. Terry at, East Point, Ga., on the 7th. It was thought injuries would prove fatal, and the motive for the crime.

The Treasury Department at Washington has issued a statement giving in detail the exports and imports during the year, which shows the exports to have been $750,000,000 against $667,000,000 in 1883, and imports $387,000,000 in 1883, against $667,000,000 in 1882.

Two men employed in the construction of the railroad in Pole Canyon, Union County, Or., were caught under a mass of rock on the 8th and instantly killed.

The plate-glass works at St. Louis and Alton suspended operations on the 8th, and Thomas Fellow, after an idleness of eight months.

A crevasse or break in the levee, fifteen miles above New Orleans, occurred on the 8th, flooding plantations and submerging the Texas Pacific and Morgan Railways. The water in the Tennessee River at Chattanooga had suspended railroad traffic in that vicinity.

Mr. Haydon, of Paterson, N. J., died a few days ago of pneumonia, and Mrs. Haydon, later his wife died of enlargement of the heart.

The ferry service between New York and Jersey City was re-established on the 8th by the Lake Shore route, the time between the two cities being twenty-seven hours.

At Alta, Utah, a snow-slide a few days ago killed eleven persons and swept away the works of the new Emma mine. The snow was piled forty feet high.

It was announced on the 9th that a damage of $500,000 had been inflicted upon the Santa Clara Valley in California by the storm of the past ten days, and the rain was still falling.

Mrs. Lewis and daughter, of New Haven, Conn., were found dead in bed the other evening, having been suffocated by escaping gas.

Citizens of Wichita and Sedgwick County, Kan., on the 8th sent to the Ohio flood sufferers forty car-loads of corn, besides a large amount of money. The relief steamer Carrie Caldwell distributed at New Liberty, Ill., eight-four thousand rations and thousands of quilts and blankets.

The foot-and-mouth disease, in its most virulent form, has broken out among the cattle in Woodson County, Kansas. Of one herd of one hundred and twenty head ninety have lost a hoof or a portion of the leg. Governor Glick was on the 8th urged to call a special session of the Legislature to pass laws for stamping out the plague.

Since two-cent letter postage went into effect there has been a decrease in the issue of postal cards. From July last to March 1, 256,552,750 cards were issued, against 261,226,250 for the corresponding period last year.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The Star-route cases were revived at Washington on the 5th by the examination of ex-Postmaster-General James and ex-Attorney-General MacVeagh by the Springer committee.

Joaquin Miller appeared before the House Committee on Territories at Washington on the 5th and stated his belief that polygamy was decreasing, that the Mormon people were extremely ignorant, and were led by cranks. He opposed repressive measures, and urged education as the cure for political disorders in Utah.

President Arthur on the evening of the 5th gave a state dinner to thirty-seven Senators and Representatives who are bachelors or unaccompanied at the capital by their wives.

The United States Brewers' Association has requested its members to make out lists of voters in their employ, and also give the names of those who have neglected to take out naturalization papers.

At the second days' session of the Louisiana Republican State Convention at New Orleans on the 6th John A. Stevenson was nominated for Governor and William Burwell for Lieutenant-Governor. The platform adopted favors judicious protection, encouragement of American ship-building, a vigorous foreign policy, the extension of public education, and indorses President Arthur's Administration.

The National Council of the National Union League held its annual session at Washington on the 6th and elected James S. Negley President, with Secretary Chandler heading the list of Vice-Presidents.

The Illinois Democratic Committee has called the State Convention to assemble at Peoria July 2.

June 17 has been fixed as the date for holding the Maine State Democratic Convention.

At the annual session in Washington on the 6th of the Woman's National Suffrage Association Elizabeth Cady Stanton, of New York, was elected President.

The Ohio State Prohibition Convention met at Columbus on the 6th to select delegates to the National Convention to be held at Pittsburgh May 21. The delegates elected were instructed to work for the nomination of G. T. Stewart, of Ohio, for President. Resolutions were adopted declaring all good men and women tired of repeated compromises with the liquor traffic; that Prohibitionists have suffered from unfair counts of ballots, and urging the friends of the cause to remedy this state of things, and demanding the withdrawal of all restraints from the suffrage, without regard to color or sex.

General James K. Moorhead, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Pittsburgh, Pa., died on the 6th, aged seventy-eight years. He represented the Twenty-second District in the XXXVIth to the XLIst Congress.

Charles H. Reed, Guiteau's counsel, in an interview in New York on the 6th asserted that in private conversation, the last one taking place the day before his execution, Guiteau solemnly averred that no one but God and himself knew of his purpose to murder President Garfield.

The Michigan Republican State Convention, to elect delegates to the National Convention, will be held at Grand Rapids April 24.

At Washington on the 7th the Senate Committee on Territories decided to adopt the name of Lincoln for the State which it is proposed to create out of Northern Dakota.

The Massachusetts Reform Club at a recent meeting in Boston adopted a resolution to call a National conference of persons who desired "thorough Civil-Service reform, reduction of the revenue, and cessation of the silver coinage," to nominate, if deemed expedient, candidates for President and Vice-President.

Before the Springer Committee on the 7th ex-Senator Spencer, of Alabama, testified that in New York, in January, 1881, he met Mr. James, then postmaster, who asked his aid in getting the office of Postmaster-General. Spencer promised and aided as agreed. After James' appointment, he told him he could make a splendid reputation by breaking up the Star-route ring, which would leave his department self-sustaining and enable him to reduce postage to two cents. Spencer was promised by James and Garfield that his words should not be repeated. Spencer thought the Government masqueraded before the public by taking the most complicated of the Star-route cases. The Dorsey combination was the only one prosecuted, and its holding was the smallest of the lot. The larger combinations were compromised with. An arbitration board never met, as it was illegal. The contractors gave one-third for increasing the service, which was supposed to go to the Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

Frank Rande, the notorious desperado, who recently made a fiendish attack on his keepers, and nearly killed one of them, in the Joliet (Ill.) Penitentiary, hanged himself in his cell on the 7th, and was dead when discovered. He had torn his undershirt into strips to form a rope with which to strangle himself.

At Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 8th prominent labor leaders organized a National Homestead Association. The object is to secure homes for workingmen and establish more harmonious relations between capital and labor.

It was reported on the 8th that about fifteen educational bills were before Congress for action. Senator Blair proposes to appropriate $120,000,000 for common schools, to be expended within fifteen years in the States and Territories in proportion to illiteracy.

FOREIGN.

In the British House of Commons on the 6th Mr. Gladstone said the Government had no intention of assuming control of Egypt and that the troops would be withdrawn at the earliest moment possible.

The Ontario Legislature has decided that women shall be admitted as students in the Toronto Provincial University, and the fair sex are now petitioning the local Government for the right to vote.

Toronto, Can., celebrated its fiftieth anniversary on the 6th by opening a free library and firing salutes.

During an affray a few days ago at Pressa, Italy, between railway laborers and villagers, eight persons were killed and fourteen wounded by carbineers, who were endeavoring to suppress the riot.

Cairo advices of the 7th state that Osman Digma's troops were determined to fight to the last, and the rebel leader had positively refused to negotiate with General Graham. He totally ignored the flags of truce sent out from Suakim. General Graham had begun his advance against the rebel stronghold.

In the German Reichstag on the 7th the President announced the death of Lasker and other members during the recess. A warm discussion ensued, the Progressists thanking the American House of Representatives for its action, and the Conservatives defending Bismarck's doings.

London advices of the 7th state that the Parnellites, irritated at the refusal of the Government to reopen the Irish land question, proposed to begin an immediate agitation in Ireland, and to make strong appeals to the Irish to demand the amendment of the land act. They would open subscriptions to a special fund for agitation purposes.

Eighty-three persons were on the 9th under police surveillance in France, being suspected of affiliation with dynamiters. A dynamite cartridge exploded in the custom-house at Lyons, killing an official.

A great assemblage at Tresvillo on the 8th witnessed the driving of the last spike in the Mexican Central Railroad, making a continuous line from the capital to the Rio Grande.

LATER NEWS

In the Senate on the 10th two resolutions were offered looking to amendments to the Constitution to limit the power of Congress in relation to the issue of legal tender money. Various bills were reported for passage and placed on the calendar. A minority report was presented on the Texas Pacific land grant forfeiture. The bill to establish a bureau of statistics was debated without action. The pleuro-pneumonia bill was made a special order for the 11th. An executive session was declared for consideration of the Mexican treaty. In the House it was agreed to concur in only one of the Senate amendments to the Military Academy bill. A message having been received from the President transmitting, without recommendation the returned Lasker resolutions, Mr. Hiscock offered a resolution alluding to Bismarck as a "person," reiterating the expression of regret at the death of Lasker, and declaring anew the sympathy of the House with the German Parliament. This was cautiously referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Wallace Ross won the scull race with Bubear in England on the 10th, beating him six lengths.

Bishop Clarkson died the morning of the 10th, at Omaha, Neb.

"N" 1 is to direct the dynamite operations from Paris this summer.

The treaty of peace with Chili has been ratified by the Peruvian Assembly.

Osman Digna has sworn to drink the blood of the Turks and their allies.

Mrs. Ker, a well-known lady of Anamosa, Ia., committed suicide the night of the 9th.

The convicts at Anamosa Prison, Iowa, made an effort to escape on the 10th, which failed.

The steamer Azolia, just arrived in Philadelphia from Newcastle-on-Tyne, sighted over 100 icebergs on her voyage.

Postmaster Tiffany, of Bennington, N. Y., is missing, and Government officials are investigating the affairs of his office.

The students of Princeton (N. J.) College have passed formal resolutions of apology to the faculty for recent wild behavior.

Captain Howell and Lieutenant Marke, of Philadelphia, Pa., who have lately inspected the Chicago police patrol system, report in its favor, and advise its introduction in Philadelphia.

Carl Schurz and Joseph H. Choate, New York law partner of William M. Evarts, have been with half a dozen other gentlemen added to the New York Independent Republican Executive Committee.

The Longfellow Memorial Association still needs $8,000 for the monument fund.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

James Campbell, a native of Leith, Scotland, a stone-cutter by trade, was killed at Lexington, Ky., in a barroom fight a few days since.

Eliza Harrod, colored, died at the residence of her daughter in Lexington, Ky., on February 28, with paralysis, in the 113th year of her age. She was born in Clark County, in June 1771. She belonged to William McDonald, who died several years ago near Versailles. She was the mother of ten children, six of whom still live, four in Lexington and two in Bowling Green. The youngest of her children is now sixty-eight years old. Eliza Harrold was undoubtedly the oldest inhabitant in Kentucky. She was able to walk about in the house up to the day of her death.

The Shreveport (La.) *Standard* has suspended publication.

The twenty-seventh anniversary of the New Orleans Fire Department was celebrated a few days since by a grand procession.

Chairman McKelroy, of the Alabama Democratic State Central Committee, has resigned, being a candidate for nomination for Governor.

In the past two months Southern mines and factories drew more than $28,000,000 for investment.

Dr. Robert Coleman, who was Medical Inspector of the Confederate army of Northern Virginia, died at Richmond, Va., a few days ago.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church will meet at Vicksburg, Miss., May 15, and preparations are already being made for the reception and entertainment of the delegates.

Tennessee Federal and Confederate soldiers are making arrangements to join a large party of Federal soldiers from the North, and participate in the celebration of the twenty-second anniversary of the battle of Shiloh.

Father W. J. Hamilton, who was buried recently at Louisville, Ky., was well known during the war for missionary work in the stockade at Andersonville, for which he was presented with a testimonial by the Grand Army of the Republic.

Judge Amos Merrill, who recently resigned the United States Judgeship of the Eastern District of Texas, died a few days ago at Austin, in that State. He was born in Massachusetts in 1810, but had lived in Texas for forty-five years.

Nobody in Chesterfield County, South Carolina, dares to arrest W. B. Cash for the murder of Marshal Richards. A posse of citizens who organized for that purpose were implored by Sheriff Shotfend not to attempt an act so rash. The Governor has taken the matter in hand, and proposes to bring Cash to punishment.

The Louisville (Ky.) indictments against Manager Douglas for sending lottery circulars through the mails have been quashed. Judge Barr of the United States Court held that they were defective because they did not allege that an agent of the lottery placed the matter in the mail-box.

Arrangements have been perfected at Birmingham, Ala., to consolidate the Pratt Coal and Iron Company, Alice Furnace Company and Linn Iron Company into one organization with $3,000,000 capital.

William H. Horton, Clerk and Commissioner of the United States Circuit and District Courts, and United States Shipping Commissioner at Pensacola, Fla., has absconded, being a defaulter.

A few days ago the dead bodies of Charles Beck, a prominent citizen of Mason County, Tex., and his two horses were found on the bank of Llano River. From evidence gathered, it appears that he first shot his two horses and then committed suicide with laudanum. Family trouble was the cause.

Thirty-five families, Austrian and Italians, were landed at Galveston, Tex., a few days ago in a destitute condition by the steamship Harris from Brazos, Santiago. They claim that they were induced to emigrate to Mexico by promises of land and assistance from the Mexican Government, which were not fulfilled, and say they were compelled to labor on railways and other works for exceedingly meager wages. The Austrian and Italian Consuls have been applied to for help.

The house of Henry Oglesby, colored, at Shelton, Fairfield County, S. C., was destroyed by fire a few days ago. His two children were locked in the house at the time, one of which was roasted to death and the other seriously burned. The parents were at work in a field near by, but out of view.

While Jim Shered and his wife, colored, living in Abbeville County, S. C., were absent from home their house caught fire and burned to the ground. Their two small children were in the house at the time, and, being unable to get out, were burned to death.

In Heard County, Ala., during the recent cyclone, logs were whirled into the air and broken before they reached the ground.

At Leeds, Ala., the recent tornado deposited near the railroad a wood-working machine which no one about there had ever seen before.

Three horses belonging to Dr. Thos. Wright, near Birmingham, Ala., were lifted into the air during the tornado, and have not been seen or heard from since.

A house near Birmingham, Ala., in which two negroes were lying sick, was picked up by the wind and landed fifty yards away. Neither of the men were injured.

A bale of cotton was blown half a mile away from Goshen, Ala. A church was destroyed, and a large portion of it was found on the top of the mountain three-quarters of a mile away.

Near Midway, S. C., Marsin Mingo, a colored preacher, was lifted from his bed by the wind and deposited in a valley 500 yards away, with but slight bruises.

DYNAMITE.

Discovery of Dynamite Laboratories in Vienna—Foreign Ambassadores Instructed to Confer with a View to Demanding Repressive Measures by the United States Against Dynamiters—A Dig at Brother John.

Vienna, March 6.

Serious alarm and much excitement has been caused by the discovery by the police of three large dynamite laboratories in the heart of the city, all of which show signs of having recently been occupied. Everthing indicated that dynamite was then being manufactured, and that the occupants had made a hasty exit. The activity of the Terrorist party causes greatest uneasiness among the wealthiest classes, and a general feeling of insecurity prevails on account of the number of dynamite bombs being scattered broadcast over the city. Bombs are found in the street almost daily. As yet no serious explosion has taken place. The detective force has been doubled, and is continually scouring the city and suburbs for dynamite. Last evening a man dressed in the garb of a workman was arrested while attempting to smuggle a number of small bombs into the city. He made a desperate resistance, and attempted to explode one of the bombs. He was finally overpowered and taken to the police station. He refused to reveal the place where he procured the bombs. From information received by the police and from other sources it is believed that dynamite is being manufactured in the suburbs. A number of detectives are actively searching the suspected places. A careful examination of some of the dynamite discovered has led to the belief that large quantities of the stuff are received by Terrorists from friends in America, and that it is shipped from America via Switzerland. The Swiss authorities have been asked to keep a sharp lookout for dynamite intended for shipment to Austria. The Austrian Government has secured the services of a number of Swiss detectives to aid in the search for explosives.

Rome, March 6.

It transpires that the German, Austrian, Spanish, French and other Ambassadors here are receiving instructions to confer with Mancini, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, regarding European co-operation with a view to demanding that the Government of the United States enact legislation against the avowed dynamite emissaries. Some of the Ambassadors declared themselves in favor of reviving the stringent passport system for all travelers from America. Others say that the Government at Washington is best able to adjust the remedy without European interference. Signor Mancini recognized the difficulty of the authorities at Washington in inaugurating legal surveillance. He also points out the English protection to foreign emissaries who legally enjoyed immunity from arrest when the interests of Great Britain were unmolested. Some ambassadors say that while England fostered revolutionary incendiaries regardless of disasters to other nations, she now complains only when she herself is damaged. Other ambassadors take the ground that moral suasion is the only remedy for socialistic evils.

AN IRATE PARSON.

Rev. Jos. Cook, Disturbed in a Nap by a Brother Divine with Whom he Had Agreed to Attend a Prayer Meeting, Behaves in a Most Unministerial Manner.

Keen, N. H. March 6.

An authorized version of a recent display of ministerial pugilism has just been made public, in which the Rev. Jo. Cook assaulted a fellow clergyman at a hotel here for having called him seven minutes too early to attend a prayer meeting. A local paper last week published an account of the encounter, but the conduct of the Rev. Mr. Cook was represented as so gross that but few would believe in the correctness of the narrative. To-day, however, the belligerent clergyman is out in a letter in which the principal features of the affair are admitted. The common version of the affair is this: The Rev. J. Cook was to deliver his lecture on "The Seven Wonders of the World" in the City Hall one evening. On reaching town in the afternoon he took a room at the Cheshire House, where he was called upon by the Rev. Mr. Price, pastor of the Second Congregational Church, and invited to attend and take part in the church prayer meeting just before the lecture. At the time agreed upon Mr. Price knocked at the door of Mr. Cook's room, but instead of being courteously received, he was set upon by Mr. Cook, who in a towering rage, having apparently been disturbed in a nap, came out in the hall, and seizing the visitor began pushing him about and otherwise laying violent hands upon him, at the same time using language unbecoming a gentleman. The disturbance attracted the attention of a large number in the house, and landlord Sherman, who was eating his supper, was among the first to arrive at the scene, but on seeing two of his distinguished guests engaged in private business, he returned to the dining-room and finished his toast with as much composure as Josh Whitcomb resumes his prayer after throwing the drunken father of little Tot through the window. Other witnesses say that the outcries of the enraged lecturer were emphasized by the use of such expletives as "Barbarian!" "Hottentot!" "Gorilla!" etc. The Rev. Mr. Price opened his meeting unassisted, and there was a large attendance, as usual; perhaps a few more, as notice had been given of the expected appearance of the Rev. Joe Cook. Before many minutes had elapsed he was seen by the pastor, seated near the door, and as soon as practicable he left the desk to speak with him, and returned unaccompanied. At the proper time Mr. Cook was invited to lead in prayer, which he did with seeming reluctance. Singing followed and then he was invited to speak, but instead of noticing the request, he seized his hat, and hastened out of the church, not even taking care that the door should not slam after him.

COLONEL CASH CAPTURED.

Cash's Residence Besieged by a Posse of State Constabulary and the Colonel Forced to Surrender—Began Shooting Chief Richards' Murderer, Instead.

Charleston, S. C., March 10.

Under instructions from Governor Thompson, State Constable, R. M. Richbourg, with twelve picked men, armed with Springfield rifles, left Columbia at midnight Saturday and arrived at Florence at 8:30 yesterday morning. They were there met by Sheriff Cole of Darlington, and took a special train for Cash's depot.

The force reached a point a mile below Cash's depot at 5 A. M. Here the train stopped and the force alighted and proceeded up the track on foot to Cash's house before daylight. The house was surrounded and about six o'clock Cash, the elder, rose and saw the pickets. He armed himself with a Winchester repeating rifle and pistols and tried to escape from the premises. He ran against John H. Pearson, one of the sentinels, who presented his rifle demanding a surrender. Cash hesitated and Pearson said: "Drop your gun or I'll shoot you in two seconds."

Cash dropped his gun quickly. He admitted having been taken completely by surprise. When captured he was endeavoring to make his way to a log house, where young Cash had been sleeping every night since the murder. The force closed in and searched old Cash's house thoroughly, but could find nothing of Bogan Cash. The party started for the log house. When they were half there, Cash, getting alarmed for his son's safety, proposed to go to the log house alone, pledging his honor that he would surrender his son within two hours. The proposition was accepted and the force recalled. Cash went, and soon returned, saying his son had left the house an hour before and he did not know where he was. He offered, however, if the force would withdraw that his son would surrender before Wednesday.

He stated he only wanted to come off with flying colors; that neither he nor his son desired to be considered outlaws, but that he desired to effect a capitulation on his own terms. Bearing in mind the desire of Governor Thompson that Cash should be captured rather than be allowed to surrender, Chief Constable Richbourg declined these terms. Cash's home was then surrounded by a guard with instructions to allow no one to leave or enter. Cash's pistols and rifle were then taken from him. Cash protested strongly against this, but said he yielded to force. Captain Richbourg having determined to let nothing prevent the most thorough search for young Cash, left most of his men at the house, and at nine o'clock proceeded to Cheraw to summon a larger posse with which to enter the swamp and track the fugutive. At Cheraw about thirty additional men, including a number of horsemen, were obtained, and these scoured the country around for miles during the evening, but could find no trace of Bogan Cash. Search will be resumed to-morrow, and strong hopes are entertained that the murderer will be taken. Old Cash was taken to Columbia by last night's train, charged with complicity in his son's crime.

DISASTROUS SNOW-SLIDE.

Twelve Persons Crushed to Death Beneath a Snow-Slide in Utah Territory—A Fateful Locality.

Salt Lake City, U. T., March 10.

News received from Alta, Little Cottonwood, give the details of the crushing to earth beneath an avalanche of snow of ten men and two women in the concentrated wreck of the Emma mine, where the victims had taken refuge from impending danger, believing the substantial structure safer than the isolated cabins.

One man was literally covered with a huge rock, one lay under the stove, others were tumbled in the debris, some scalded by the steam from the boiler and some crushed into a shapeless mass. All but one of the bodies have been recovered. Alta is a noted snow-slide location, there having been a disastrous one nearly every season since the first opening of the mines. There have been many persons killed in slides from time to time, this latest fatality bringing the number up to 443. The people left are in a tremor of fear, and all are living in tunnels and under ground. No surface locality is considered safe.

Emulating Bogan Cash's Example.

Wilmington, O., March 10.

Great excitement prevails in this quiet city. Our City Marshal, John T. Van Doren, was shot and instantly killed about seven o'clock Saturday evening, by Alfred Ballard. The facts are briefly these: Ballard, who lives a short distance north of town, came into the village late in the afternoon and, as was his habit, soon became drunk. When intoxicated he is very abusive and quarrelsome. About seven o'clock he had a difficulty with a saloon-keeper, George Barlow, and made very serious threats against him. Barlow escaped from him. Ballard proceeded to the corner of South and Locust streets, where he was arrested by the Marshal and a policeman named George Daniels. They started to the village prison, but had gone but a few steps when Ballard jerked his right hand loose, produced a revolver, and shot the Marshal, the bullet passing through his right eye into his brain. An immense crowd soon gathered, and it required the exertion of the officers to keep the crowd from lynching the murderer, and as he was being taken down street some one cut him in the side making quite a large wound. He was lodged in jail, where he now is. The murdered officer was an old citizen of this city, and one unusually respected. He had been Marshal for nearly twelve years, and was considered one of the very best officers in this part of the State.

Huntsville Gazette

CHAS. HENDLEY, JR, EDITOR.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS :

(*Postage Prepaid.*)

Single copy, one year.....$1.50
" " six months.....1.00
" " three months.....50
Sample copies 5 cents.
Extra copy to the getter up of a club of 8 subscribers.
Subscription payable in advance.
To insure safety, money must be sent by Post-office money order or registered letter. Address,
GAZETTE COMPANY,
Box 149. Huntsville, Ala.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15th 1884

ADIEU Mrs. McKleroy.

LOUISIANA leads off for Arthur.

ARE we to have a State ticket?

WHOM shall Republicans support for Governor?

WHEN South Carolina sends up Mr. Smalls, we will have two colored members of Congress.

SEVERAL colored republicans are employed on the Philadelphia Times.

A. C. Smith, the colored champion lifter of St. Louis, weighs 312 pounds.

THE Morgan county democrats will hold a primary election June 7th, to elect nominees for the county offices.

THERE are signs of a Tilden boom for the Democratic nomination. Butler is considered to be snugly retired.

THE Chattanooga *Times* mentions the appearance of four colored delegates in the Muscle Shoals Convention at Chattanooga Wednesday. There might have been many more.

THE lower House of Congress will to-day consider resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Congressman Herndon of this State.

A TERRIBLE cyclone half a mile wide passed near Guntersville Wednesday with a great destruction of life and property.

JUDGE Richardson this week makes public announcement of his determination to seek the Democratic nomination for Congress.

ONE of the last official acts of the late Congressman Mackey, of South Carolina, was the appointment of a colored youth, Robt. S. Wilkins, as a cadet to West Point.

A N. Y. Times correspondent claims to have been told by General Grant that it was his opinion that the Republicans would either nominate Arthur or Blaine.

THE building for colored Orphan's of Chattanooga will be ready for use in a few weeks. The noble work was inaugurated by Mrs. Steele, a benevolent, christian lady of Boston, who is now in Chattanooga and has given her personal attention to it. The number of colored orphans in Chattanooga was largely increased by the small-pox, from which the parents died.

McKleroy Withdraws.

Col. McKleroy withdraws from the contest for the Democratic nomination for Governor. In his letter of withdrawal he starts out manly by saying "I have made a mistake, and I regret it." Col. McKleroy loses his position as Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee, having resigned to contend for the nomination.

By his withdrawal he establishes a claim on his party, and two years hence will have a strong hand to play for the nomination. The effect of his withdrawal strengthens Gov. O'Neal for the renomination. But whether it will leave the track clear remains to be seen.

There has no doubt been great efforts made to produce harmony and peace in the camps of the Democracy. It is to their interest now to have a great show of oneness of mind and purpose.

The people are watchful, and will pass in judgment upon the scheming politicians in August.

Louisiana Republicans.

The Republicans of Louisiana have held their Convention, and its work is already reflecting credit upon them.

Of the four delegates from the State at large two are colored. Two colored men were placed on the State ticket.

The ticket formed is admitted by the Democratic press to be a strong one in point of character and ability. Its election will enhance the interests of the State, securing a government representative of the people.

There should be no bitter antagonism between Republicans of the South and other good, honest minded citizens who differ with them as to policy and principle. Each party should be so controled that its triumph would bring no fear of harm to the humblest citizen.

Let parties put forward their best men for position and places of trust as has been done in Louisiana—men whose character inspires confidence and trust. This is the way to confront the erroneous theories and policy of the Democratic party with the liberal, just and sound doctrines of Republicanism. When the two parties once get squarely before the good honest thinking people of the South we have that abiding faith in humanity which convinces us that there will follow a breaking up of the ranks of the Democracy.

The Louisiana Republicans also recognize each other. That is a good distance toward victory. There can be no success with division in camps, and the lesson needs to be learned in too many States.

National Educational Aid.

Senator Blair's bill appropriates $1,000,000,000 for common school education to be expended in 15 years, $15,000,000 the first year, $14,000,000 the second, and so on, down to nothing. This sum to be divided annually among the states and territories according to the ratio of persons over the age of 10 years who cannot read or write. Senator Logan's bill provides for the annual appropriation of $80 000,000, to be derived from the internal revenue and divided among the states according to their total population, the state to make attendance on school for at least six months in each year obligatory on all children between 7 and 12 years. The house committee on education has reported a bill appropriating $55,000,000 in ten years, $10,000,000 the first year and diminishing $1,000,000 annually. The apportionment made according to illiteracy and paid to state officers, "it being the intention of this act to leave to each state the full control and disbursement of said fund according to its own educational system and under its own laws subject only to the conditions and provisions of this act." After the first year no state is to receive more than it expends on schools from its own funds in the previous year. No federal money to be expended for buildings or superintendence and only 5 per cent. for normal schools. Should funds be misapplied a state shall get no more. A dozen or more other bills have been introduced during the session. One bill sets apart the proceeds of the sales of public lands for educational purposes. A second appropriates $85,000,000 for five years. A third divides all the surplus revenues above $50,000,000. A fourth appropriates $10,000,000 a year for ten years. A complicated bill proposed sets apart for an educational fund the net proceeds from patents, government income from Pacific railway companies, 5 per cent. of internal revenue collections and the whole income from the permanent educational fund.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THE MEXICAN RECIPROCITY TREATY RATIFIED BY THE SENATE.

Morrison's Horizontal Bill Reported to the House.

The Macadamized Road from Memphis Reported Adversely.

Washington, March 11.—[Senate.]—Mr. Allison presented a memorial from the legislature of Iowa urging the national government to avail itself of the power granted by the constitution to regulate the commerce of the states, and praying that congress pass laws pursuant to that power for the regulation of railroad fares and freight at such figures as will allow reasonable return and no more on the aemount actually expended in the construction of roads.

Mr. Anthony, from the committee on printing, reported favorably a joint resolution whhich passed, authorizing the printing of 12,500 copies of the eulogies on the late Representative Haskell, of Kansas.

Mr. Dawes, from the committee on Indian affairs, reported favorably and had placed on the calendar a bill to accept and ratify the agreement with the Shoshones, Bannocks and other Indians, for the sale of a portion of their lands.

Mr. Morgan, from the committee on public lands, presented a report of that committee in support of the bill yesterday reported from the committee by himself, to provide for the settlement of the rights of states, of persons or corporations interested in land grants which may hereafter be forfeited.

Bills were introduced and referred, as follows:

By Mr. Miller (New York): Providing for the suspension of coinage of the standard silver dollar for two years, and the issue of one and two dollar treasury notes.

Mr. Hosmer: Providing for erecting a public building at Sacramento.

Mr. Ruggles: To make Lake Borgne an outlet to improve low water navigation of the Mississippi river from New Orleans to Cairo.

Mr. Logan (by request): To give pensions to dependent relatives of deceased soldiers.

Mr. Logan called up the house message on the military academy appropriation bill, and moved non-concurrence in the house amendments and the appointment of a committee of conference on the disagreeing vote of the two houses. Agreed to.

Mr. Dawes called up the house bill appropriating $5400 to Louis Boddy, of Oregon, in full for her claim against the government for property destroyed by the Modoc Indians in November 1872. Passed.

The Senate then went into executive session for the further consideration of the Mexican treaty, and when the doors were reopened, adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Mr. Morrison reported favorably from the ways and means committee a bill to reduce import duties and the war tariff. The new tariff bill was accompanied with a report.

Mr. McKinney submitted the views of the minority.

Under the call of commissioners reports were submitted by Mr. McCord, from the judiciary committee, providing two additional associate justices for Dakota.

Mr. Ronegans, from the committee on military affairs, reported favorably a bill to authorize the Cheyenne, Black Hills and Montana Railroad Company to build across the Fort Russell and Laramie military reservation; also favorably a bill to place Col. Geo. G. W. Getty on the retired list as major general.

Mr. Morgan, from the same committee, reported adversely a bill to construct a macadamized road from Memphis, Tenn., to the National Cemetery, near that city.

Mr. Perkins reported favorable from the committee on Indian affairs, a bill for the sale of the Chicapoo diminished reservation of Kansas.

The house, on motion of Mr. Townshend, went into committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill.

Mr. Bingham opposed the bill. The recent reduction in postage must not be made an excuse for a limited appropriation. It was the purpose of the democrats to go before the public and claim that they had cut down the expenses of the postoffice department, but if they did so it was without due regard to the demands of the service.

Mr. Holman defended the bill against adverse criticism and denied that it in any way tended to cripple the service, and asserted, on the contrary, that while the measure was economical in its appropriations, it was one calculated to make the postoffice department even more efficient than at present.

Mr. Townshend deprecated bringing in politics to the consideration of a bill of this character. He compared the bill with the bill this year to show that the republican party of the last house had made a poor pretense of economy in order to throw the necessary passing of deficiency appropriation upon the present congress. Mr. T. then proceeded to arraign the republicans for past offenses in the administration of the government the last 75 years. No American citizen could read the record of that party without his face crimsoning with shame for his country. Many founders of that party were pure, noble men, but where were they gone? When the republican party was converted into a spoil-hunting band they left it and joined the only political party which had political ideas. [Laughter on the republican sides, and a query of Mr. Boutelle as to where Mr. Pendleton would go.] Referring to an expression in Mr. Harris' speech as to the virtues of the republican party, Mr. Townshend ridiculed the idea that virtue existed in that party: It had opened up the treasury to the wickedest rings which had ever existed in a free country. The gentleman from Michigan (Horr), in the face of the damning record of the star route fraud, stood up and talked about the virtue of a gentleman who was preparing campaign material for next election.—He could aid the case by bringing up the record of his party. The republican party will be tried on the issues which he (Townshend) had outlined, and would be convicted and condemned to everlasting obloquy and oblivion. [Applause on the democratic side and laughter and applause on the republican side.]

Mr. Belford thought the gentleman who attempted to lecture the republican party should remember his own party had not the courage to consider either the wool tariff or whisky bill.

The bill having been read by sections, Mr. Horr moved to increase to $12,250,000 the appropriation for compensation of post masters.

Mr. Payson, from the committee on public lands, reported back the resolutions calling on the secretary of the interior for certain information touching lands patented to the Burlington and Missouri River Railway Company. Adopted.

Adjourned.

Col. Wheat Killed.

NASHVILLE, March 11.—A terrible tragedy occurred at the corner of Church and College streets, in this city at 25 minutes past 8 o'clock this morning, in which Col. H. S. Wheat lost his life at the hands of his father-in-law, Col. Wm. Spence.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

Money Saved by attending the

Grand Clearance Sale!

AT

DAN. SCHIFFMAN'S CLOTHING PALACE,

I WILL OFFER MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

&c., AT COST, FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY!

Preparatory to Making My Spring Purchases.

Thanking the public for their patronage heretofore, and will be pleased to have them call at my CLEARANCE SALE, in which I will offer them SPECIAL BARGAINS.

DAN. SCHIFFMAN,

SOUTHERN CLOTHING PALACE

NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE SQUARE.

L & N

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.

THE GREAT

Through Trunk Line

CINCINNATI, LEXINGTON, LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE, ST. LOUIS, N. ORLEANS, MOBILE, MONTGOM'Y, MEMPHIS, NASHVILLE

Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled

QUICKEST AND BEST ROUTE FROM NASHVILLE TO THE

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH, WEST

PULLMAN CARS Without change to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago, Memphis, Montgomery, Jacksonville, Mobile, and New Orleans.

Shortest and Quickest Line

TO THE NORTH-WEST

With through coaches from Chattanooga and Nashville to St. Louis.

EMIGRANTS Seeking homes on the line of this road will receive special low rates.

For Agents of this Company for rates, routes &c., or write, C. P. ATBORE, G. P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky.

DAVID D. SHELBY,

Attorney-at-Law,

HUNTSVILLE, ALA.,

Office on West side Public Square, in White building.

GARDEN GROWTH TEAS.

FAMILIES can save about one-half by sending to us for Teas, as we import our own, and have done so for forty years.

THE ORIGINAL AMERICAN TEA CO.

Send for Circular, which gives full particulars, to ROB'T. WELLS, Prest., P. O. Box 1287, 43 Vesey St, N. Y.

One Dollar's worth of any of our garden growth, China or Japan Teas, sent by mail, postpaid, or a LARGER quantity by express, charges paid. 2 1-3m,

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at Huntsville, Ala., Jan. 30, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Probate Judge at Winston County, Ala., at Hamilton, on the 22nd day of March, 1884.—Hd. entry No. 8328. E½ N. W¼ S. 11 and S½ S. W½ S. 2 T. 11 R. 12 W.—Alfred Kivett.—He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: D. Y. Boshier, W. C. Cayle, W. J. Lawrance, Q. P. Pearce, all of Pearce's Mill, Ala.

JNO. M. CROSS, Register.

Feb. 2-6w.

THE HARRIS REMEDY CO. Manufg Chemists, ST. LOUIS, MO. PROF. HARRIS' PASTILLE REMEDIES

No. 1 $5 No. 2 $5 No. 3 $2

PATENTS

MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents, sent free. Thirty-seven years' experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American and Hand Book about Patents sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

Harris, Timberlake & Co's

Emporium for Stoves, Grates,

Glass Ware, Wooden Ware, Stove Ware, Tin, Toilet Ware, Queensware, Enameled Sauce Pans, Engraved and Plain Goblets, Hall's Library & Stand Lamps, Coal Vases, Coal Hods, Fire Sets, Bird Cages, Shovels and Tongs, China, Rogers' Tripple plated Knives & Fork Silver spoons, Preserving Kettles, Granite Iron Ware, Lamp Shades & Chimneys,

Everything in the Housefurnishing Line

of the *best quality* and the lowest prices,

Also keep a good assortment of **TINNER'S STOCK**, Sheet Iron, Wire, Copper, etc. We are also prepared to do all kinds of Tin and Iron Roofing, Guttering, Spouting and Lightning Rod work at short notice. Everything guaranteed as represented. Call and see us before leaving the city. We can suit the most fastidious. All orders by mail promptly filled, and prices same as if you were present.

Harris, Timberlake & Co.

HUNTSVILLE MARBLE YARD.

IN 1851 CHESTER AT SET

ALL KIND OF GRAVEYARD WORK DONE IN THE BEST STYLE

HEADSTONES, MANTLES AND

MARBLE and GRANITE MONUMENTS

J. G. & A. A. BAKER, PROP'S.

Mrs. A. HERSTEIN

OPPOSITE HUNTSVILLE HOTEL,

Has returned from her 5 weeks trip to New York and the East with a handsome stock of

Millinery and Notions

To be sold regardless of price. A fine assortment of

Cloaks, Dolmans, Jackets and Ulsters,

At half value. Be certain and examine these. We have on exhibition a fine **SILVER WATER PITCHER**, with two cups, beautifully mounted, valued at $75.00 to be raffled, a chance given to every purchaser of $5.00 in merchandise.

BLISS' 1884 Rhubarb Root-book Farm and Garden. 100 pages. 100 Illustrations, and a beautiful Colored Plate of Flowers, with What, When and How to plant and is full of information invaluable to all interested in gardening. Mailed free, to every purchaser.

SEEDS ORDER NOW and have on hand when you want to plant. A FLOWER GARDEN FOR $1.00

Illustrated Novelty List, describing all the novelties, Flowers, Vegetables, Ornamental Plants, Bulbs, Fruits, Plants, etc., mailed free.

A VEGETABLE GARDEN FOR $1.00

B. K. BLISS & SONS, 34 Barclay Street, New-York.

Library of Congress

Huntsville Gazette

SATURDAY MARCH 15, 1884.

Neighborhood News and Gossip.

—Again it was not Charlie Adams.

—Goats and hogs must go from our streets.

—Every year is leap year with the frogs.

—The county Republican Executive Committee meets to-day.

—The McGee hotel will be enlarged.

—John P. Hutchings, at the Lambert old stand, has the best assorted stock of Painter's materials in the city.

—Any kind of Patent Medicines in the market, can be found at Hutchings Drug Store, Lambert's old stand.

—Night calls answered promptly at Hutching's Drug Store.

—A double headed boy, so advertised, is the latest arrival. Ten cents a look.

—Prepare your gardens if you want early vegetables.

PERSONAL

Miss Anna England, after a long visit among relatives in Selma, has returned home.

Capt. Jas. M. Hinds attended the Convention.

Our faithful carrier, Master Johnnie Bransford, leaves Huntsville for Birmingham. We wish him success.

Mr. Wm. Bentley is up from Memphis visiting his mother who is very ill with dropsy of the heart.

Mayor Mastin has gone to Washington to look after the interests of Huntsville as to the Federal Court building.

Mayor Ed Mastin, Gen. Sam. H. Moore, Dr. Albert Erskine, Hon. Wm. Richardson, Rev. Dr. Bryson, of the Presbyterian Church, Sheriff Jno. W. Cooper, H. McGee, of McGee's Hotel, Maj Davol, of Huntsville Hotel, Thos. J. Taylor, clerk Circuit Court, Wm. Myers, contractor and builder, delegates from the city of Huntsville, are stopping at the Read House.—*Chatt. Times.*

Licensed to Wed.

Glen Humphrey and Mary Drake.
D. N. Smith and Willie Gooch.
Jack Smith and Malinda Townsend.
Jos. M. Pike and Dolly Scott.
Henry Fields and Lucy Pickens.
Jim Lane and Charlotte Lane.
Wilson Connally and Sarah Craig.

U. S. District Court.

April Term.

The following are the names recently drawn for the Grand and Petit Juries:

GRAND JURORS.

B. A. Jones, Birmingham, Geo. M. Harris, Huntsville; James A. Glenn, Argo; W. L. Aycock, Gadsden; Ed R. Raney, Athens, A. J. Tidwell, Dublin; Moses Rice, Cross Plains; Clark Morgan, White Plains; John T. Richardson, Tuscumbia; Solomon Bailey, Red Hill; John M. Maples, Paint Rock, S. J. McKnight, Raw Hide; Francis M. Little, Bennetsville; Caspar Arnold, Cullman, John T. Patterson, Huntsville, Daniel Beck, Sand Rock, F. N. Jackson, Tuscumbia, R. T. Brock, Sand Rock, G. W. Hurley, Newburg, L. H. Wilson, Huntsville, James Wilson, Bellfonte, Green Harper, Fayette C. H., J M Hutchens, Huntsville.

PETIT JURORS.

John A. Thompson, Ashville, Byrd Hill Birmingham; J. W. Lathar, Sand Mountain; M. C. Murphree, Murphrees Valley, Benj. P. Ashley, Ashville, Joseph Asklen, Florence, S. B. Thomas, Vernon, George Horn, Pilgrim; Geo. P. Landman, Huntsville; John P. Boden, Cullman; Joseph T. McCabee, Huntsville; G. W. Vaughan, Edwardsville; Frank Mackey, Leesburg; John T. Terby, Pilgram; Wm. Christian, Owens X Roads; Henry McGee, Huntsville; M. B. Lail, Paint Rock; Robt. J. Hodges, Kennamer's; Jasper Trail, Kingsville, Thomas A. Bailes, Hayes Store; Wm. H. Echols, Bell Factory; Andrew Oer, Pleasant Site, Thomas Spencer, Chickasaw; J. W. Harris, Bennetsville, W. A. Lockford, Fort Payne, R. T. Proctor, Maynard's Cove, Thomas B. Morton, New River, Jacob Willbanks, Sand Hill, J. R. Stegall, Huntsville, B M Simpson, Hillboro.

DIED.

PATTON—At Spring Hill, near Triana, Friday, March 7th, 1884, Miss Charity Patton, aged 18 years. Deceased was a faithful christian, and beloved teacher in the Sunday School, and her death was greatly lamented and mourned by all who knew her.

MUSCLE SHOALS CONVENTION

Over 500 Delegates in Attendance

A Memorial Committee of 100. The The Resolutions Adopted.

The Convention called for the purpose of urging an appropriation by Congress for the completion of the work on the Muscle Shoals Canal met in Chattanooga, Tenn., Wednesday with over five hundred delegates present, representing the various cities, towns and the country in the region of the Tennessee river stretching away for miles from the Shoals.

Gov. O'Neal was elected permanent Chairman and in the course of an extended address on the object of the Convention, said:

The productions of our country have increased much more rapidly than our means of transportation, and the growth of our population and products demand additional and CHEAPER facilities to reach the markets of the Union and the rest of the world. Earnestly impressed with these views, the representatives of all the States and towns bordering on this great river have met here to-day to demand for the Tennessee River Improvement that recognition which its national importance is entitled to receive from our Representatives in Congress. After the progress already made in this work, just upon the eve of its completion, will the Government, from an unwise spirit of economy, refuse longer to furnish the means necessary to render available the labor and money already expended?

* * * * * * *

From Knoxville, Tenn., to Paducah, Ky., 700 miles of uninterrupted steamboat navigation would be unlocked by the completion of the Muscle Shoals canal. In addition to this several smaller rivers, tributaries of the Tennessee, navigable at certain seasons, would pour into the main river great cargoes of iron, coal, lumber and other produce that are now without value, as they are without markets. Thus would be opened to commerce the vast region of Western North Carolina, Southwestern Virginia, East Tennessee and last but not least North Alabama, with its immense but only partially developed mineral wealth.

With water transportation, which alone can transport cheaply heavy products long distances, the Tennessee Valley would witness an era of unexampled and magnificent prosperity and material development.

With the amount asked for this year, the entire improvement can be made available. The whole work, I am informed, will be completed far inside of the original estimates, notwithstanding the fact the appropriations have been only about 20 per cent of the annual estimates, which, of course, increase the cost of work. The work, when done, will last for centuries, and will be available at all seasons of the year if the balance of the river is put in good navigable condition. Maj. King in his report says: "It is a fact not generally appreciated that the Tennessee river has a better low water channel than the Ohio, and that its supply of water is much more permanent. The bottom is generally of rock, and the banks are almost invariably protected by rocks or by a dense growth of vegetation.

Another fact that gives great importance to this canal, especially in East Tennessee, is that the distance from Chattanooga to Paducah will be only 453 miles, while Pittsburg is 919 miles from the same point

Yet with the advantages of water transportation the coal miners of Pennsylvania can come 1,170 miles to Florence and sell coal cheaper than this great city only 200 miles distant.

The people of the Tennessee Valley no longer intend to be barricated from the outer world. Congress will appreciate the importance of this great work, and the demands of the people voiced by this Convention will reach even into the vestibules of the National Capital.

The demand for cheaper food from the laboring classes of the East and the plantations of the South, the increasing wants of a progressive, thrifty population, and the inauguration of vast, comprehensive manufacturing interests, the astonishing flow of capital for investment in our mineral and agricultural lands indicate the imperative necessity of cheaper means of internal communication. We occupy a region possessing advantages above all others on the globe of the same extent in fertility, diversity of climate, production and geographical position.

The great Tennessee Valley only awaits cheaper facilities for transportation to develop a commerce the magnitude of which it is difficult now to conceive. May the result of your deliberations be such as to accomplish your most sanguine hopes, and be the dawn of a new era of unexampled prosperity and development for our beloved section.

The Convention votod a Memorial Committee of one hundred to go to Washington to memorialize Congress to make a sufficient appropriation for the completion of the work on the Shoals.

The Committee was partially formed as followed, its completion being left to the Vice Presidents:

MEMORIAL COMMITTEE.

S. H. Moore, Huntsville, John T. Tanner, Limestone, Ala., Mayor Z. P. Morrison, Florence, Hugh Whiteside, Chattanooga, Dallas J. Jones, Lauderdale, Mayor Mastin, Huntsville, Gov. Patton, J. W. Adams, Garnet Andrews, Chattanooga, M. H. Clift, Chattanooga, Capt. Humes, Huntsville, J. J. Littleton, Chattanooga, Frank Coleman, Huntsville, H. S. Chamberlain, T. M. McConnell, Chattanooga, Peter M. Dox and L. W Day, Huntsville, W H Todd, Guntersville, C W Charlton, John Houk, S G Heiskill, J. C. Luttrell, Jas Cruze, H. M. Michaels, P J Callan, W C Fulcher, B W Austin, M J Condon, Knoxville, C C Harris, Decatur, Sol. Capehart, Guntersville, T J Lake, Athens, Ala., E C Gordon, Decatur, A M O'Neil, Lauderdale, Judge J B Tally, Scottsboro, J C Goodloe, Colbert county, Ala., C C Spiller, Jackson Co., Gen Jos Wheeler, Lawrence Co., Ala., F A Chapman, Roane county, Tenn., J M Todd Decatur, Capt Hennegar, Loudon, A W McCullough, Huntsville, W P Campbell, Florence, W A Johnson, Colbert county, Ala., Lee Hewell, Lauderdale county, W L Dugger, Chattanooga, Wm Crutchfield, Walker county, Ga., T M Burkette, Athens, Tenn., Dr Bryson, Huntsville, R K Byrd, H C Evans, J F Loomis, and W O Peeples, Chattanooga, O C King Morristown, J E Brown Jackson county, and D D Anderson, F A Moses and J W Wallace, Knoxville, Gov O'Neal, Alabama.

The Committee Agreed to meet in Washington March 19.

The Convention adopted a series of Resolutions reported by the Committee on Resolutions setting forth the urgent necessity of the completion of the work on the Shoals and appealing to Congress to make the necessary appropriation.

A Colored Congressman to succeed Mackey, Deceased.

Charleston, S. C., March 11.—The Republican Convention for the Seventh District last evening nominated Robert Small, colored, for Congress, to succeed Edmund W. M. Mackey, deceased. There was little opposition to Small, and his nomination is considered equivalent to an election, the majority of the negro voters in the district being overwhelming.

NEWS and SENTIMENT.

(From Colored Exchanges)

Thus early we state that the 25,000 colored voters in Ohio want a representative at Chicago, a colored delegate to the Chicago Convention.—Cleveland (O.) Gazette.

Frank Langston, a 19 year old son of Minister Langston, recently shot and killed Jas. Spencer and wounded D. L Williams in Washington. The young man escaped.

The Faculty and students of the Baptist Institute, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of Wendell Phillips, on March 10th, in the chapel.—Herschel V. Cashin, Esq., will deliver the oration.—Selma Pioneer.

Call for 7th District Republican Convention.

TALLADEGA, ALA., February 27th, '84.

At a meeting of the Republican Executive Committee, for the 7th Congressional District of Alabama, held in Anniston, Calhoun county, on the 26th inst. it was agreed to hold a Republican Congressional District Convention in the city of Anniston on Saturday, the 12th day of April, 1884, to meet at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates from the 7th Congressional District of Alabama to attend and represent the 7th Congressional District of said State in the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago, Ill., on the 3d of June next, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the Convention.

"The Republican electors of the several counties of the District, and all other voters, without regard to past political differences, who intend to act with the Republican party in the future in the effort to elevate and dignify American labor, to protect and extend home industries, to give free popular education to the masses of the people, to secure free suffrage and an honest counting of the ballots, to effectually protect all human rights in every section of our common country, and to promote friendly feeling and harmony throughout the land by maintaining a National Government pledged to these objects and principles, are cordially invited to unite in sending delegates to said Convention."

A mass or Delegate Convention of such electors in each county in the District is requested to be held at the usual place of holding conventions in each county, at such time as they may see proper, prior to the 12th day of April next ensuing, for the purpose of electing delegates to said District Convention.

The number of delegates to which each county is entitled, under apportionment agreed upon by the Committee, is as follows:

Blount, 2.	Cherokee 2.	Cleburne, 2.
Etowah, 3	Shelby, 3.	Talladega, 5
Cullman, 3	Calcoun, 2,	DeKalb, 3.
Randolph, 3.	St. Clair, 2.	

R. A. MOSELEY, JR., Chm'n,
F. M. SHOVER, Sec'ty.

Much Excitement at Athens, Ala., Over a Case of Small-pox.

ATHENS, March 7.—Intense excitement prevails here over a case of small-pox developed this morning, in one Loring Hurd, who came from Nashville last night. The health officer pronounces it an unmistakable case. The city council is now in session, and it is thought that the city fathers will have Hurd removed to some safe place in the country, there being no pest house in this county.—*Chattanooga Times.*

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Application will be made to his Excellency, the Governor of Alabama, after the expiration of twenty days from the date thereof, for the pardon of Nettie Hammond, convicted at the February Term 1884, of the Circuit Court of Madison County, State of Alabama, of Grand Larceny.

WM. M. DOUGLASS,
J. M. ROBINSON.

Feb. 27, 1884.

—Give your boy "Smith's Worm Oil."

A. STOLTZENBERG

Has purchased from Kaspar Meehl his

Bakery and Confectionery,

And is ready to furnish the people of Huntsville with

FRESH BREAD

at all hours during the day, and will send it in his bread wagon to families in any part of the city. He has the finest fancy and plain

CANDIES.
CAKES.
FRESH FRUITS

He solicits a reasonable share of custom from his friends and the public generally. Call and see him.

A. STOLTZENBERG,
Dement's Block, Huntsville, Ala.,
Next door to E. S. Johnson's.
2-2-3m.

L. W. DAY,

Attorneys at Law,

Office, Bank Row,
HUNTSVILLE, : ALA.

J. W. SKINNER

HUNTSVILLE, : ALA

—Dealer in—

BUGGIES
PHAETONS
CARRIAGES.
ROAD CARTS.
HARNESS.
CARRIAGE ROBES,
WHIPS, ETC.,

And Manufacturer of

Farm and Spring Wagon

NICHOLAS DAVIS,

Attorney at Law

Franklin street, Huntsville, Ala.

THE NEW YORK SUN.

For 1884!

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of all THE SUNS printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctrine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty-seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883, has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading, night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter how much the process costs which presents the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not yet know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—50 cents a month, $6 a year; with Sunday edition, $7.

SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. $1 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an Agricultural Department of unequalled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10, an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
THE SUN, N. Y. City.

—Subscribe for the GAZETTE.

ONLY $1.50.

TAKE THE

Huntsville Gazette!

The Oldest and best Republican paper in the State.

PRINTS WEEKLY ALL THE HOME AND FOREIGN NEWS.

Everywhere recognized as a leading Colored Journal.

Send $1.50 and get the GAZETTE during the present year of great events. Address

GAZETTE CO.,
Box 130, Huntsville, Ala.

The Barber,

When you wish an easy shave,
As good as barber ever gave,
Just call on me at my saloon,
At morn, eve, or at noon.
I cut and dress the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face.
My room is neat and towels clean,
Scissors sharp and razors keen;
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the face and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you just call, I'll do for you.

POWHATAN MCGILL, the live and popular barber, may be found at his stand, on Washington St. Don't fail to give him a call. A first-class shave for 10 cents. Trim and Shampoo, or 25 cents each.

HEAD QUARTERS

For Cheap Groceries.

I keep on hand at all times the best variety of eatables that can be found in the city. Call and see me Fresh butter a specialty.

E. M. THURSTON,

East side Public Square. Sign of the Horse Shoe.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at Huntsville, Al
February 4th, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk Circuit Court Marion County, Ala., at Hamilton, Ala., on the 25th March, 1884. Hd. entry No. 8739. S. W¼ N. E¼ N½ S. E¼ N. E¼ S. E¼ 13 T. 10 R. 12 West—W. T. Cann.—He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: —Samuel S. Cann, James W. Howell, Calvin M. Burlason, Thos. Bottoms,—all of Ireland P. O. Ala,

JOHN M. CROSS,
2-6-6w. Register.

J. B. LAUGHLIN,

Furniture & Undertaking.

HOLDING BLOCK,

HUNTSVILLE, - - - ALA.
1-26-4m

REPRESENTATIVE HOUSE.

The following are among the leading merchants, Dealers and Business men of Huntsville. Buyers will find them reliable, and occupying a commanding position in their respective industries.

AMMUNITION, Guns, Pistols, and general repair shop. FOSTER & HARRIS, East Side Public Square.

BOOKSTORE—Blank books and Stationery. John Holland's Gold Pens. A. F. MURRAY, East side Square.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER—Work guaranteed FELIX W. WEEDEN, Easley Block, Holmes St.

BRICK MASON—Job work, setting grates etc., solicited. MINGO STEELE, Huntsville Alabama.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY—Dealer in toys. K. MEEHL, Dement Block, Jefferson st.

CONFECTIONERY and Bakery—Fruits, toys etc. ERNEST DENTLER, Eustis Street.

COAL—Dealers in Belmont, Tracy and Knoxville coal. B. M. MATTHEWS & CO.

DRY GOODS and Groceries—MAJOR & BRO., No. 4 Exchange Row.

DRY GOODS and Notions—Wholesale and Retail DUNCAN & RAND, North side Square.

DRUGS, PERFUMERIES, Etc. JNO. L. RISON, Bank Row.

FURNITURE—(Moderate priced). J. B. LAUGHLIN, Holding Block.

GROCERIES—Family, also country produce. GREENBERRY SMITH, Holmes Street.

GROCERIES—(To suit everybody). E. M. THURSTON, Warwick Building, North side of Square.

GROCERIES, Staple and Fancy—(To consumers). Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc. C. H. & W. L. HALSEY, West side of Square.

GROCERIES—Complete line fancy and staple. Christmas toys. J. R. KIESS, Jefferson street.

ISAAC W. GILL—Dealer in staple and fancy groceries, fruits, cigars, tobacco etc. Huntsville Hotel.

JOB OFFICE—Mercury Job Office. Largest establishment in North Alabama. No. 1 Commercial Row.

LAGER BEER and Billiard Saloon—The Old Reliable. W. F. STRUVE, 2nd door below old stand.

LIVERY STABLE—Reasonable rates and best turnouts. A. D. RODGERS, below Huntsville Hotel.

MILLINERY and Ladies' Furnishing Goods. MRS. A. HERSTEIN, Opposite Huntsville Hotel.

MANUFACTURER of Brogan Shoes, also dealer in Boots, Shoes and Leather. A. C. SCHAUDIES, Below National Bank.

NOTIONS and Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods. MRS. A. HERSTEIN, Opposite Huntsville Hotel.

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN— DR. B. E. SCRUGGS, Huntsville, Ala.

PLASTERING—Cornice work, fancy and plain, done in the best style. NELSON HENDLEY, Huntsville, Ala.

SADDLERY—(At Wholesale and Retail.) J. F. COYLE. East Side Public Square.

WHISKIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, GEO. W. BRYANT, Morning Star Saloon, at Depot.

FOR SALE.

A farm containing about 200 acres within 3 miles of Huntsville. 140 acres under cultivation. Well watered, and plenty of timber for the place. Buildings new, Title good. Apply to Jacob Zell on the place, or 11-21 6t A. W. MCCULLOUGH.

FOR SALE.

A Cottage with stable and outhouses all in good repair, for sale—pleasant location in the city of Huntsville. Apply to

A. W. MCCULLOUGH.

OLD BOOKS. 10,000 New and Old STANDARD Books, 5 BARE GEMS and GREAT. Send stamp for Catalogue. Address, CURIOSITY SHOP, S. E. Cor. 6th and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOME AND FARM.

—Breakfast Rolls: One quart of flour, one pint of milk, one tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of yeast.—*Exchange.*

—A large area of the poorer land and of the hill and mountain country, of no agricultural value, is fitted for the profitable growth of timber.—*British Gardener.*

—Light Dough Dumplings: One pound of raised dough; make into small balls the size of an egg, with one ounce of chopped suet, a few raisins or currents; boil in plenty of water; serve with butter and sugar or with sauce.—*The Household.*

—Mr. J. H. Gregory says that onions and squashes in peet soil are spongy, potatoes "scabby" and other vegetables generally coarser than usual; "hence it is well to limit the crops on such land to cabbage and grass."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—A New Jersey farmer says that he gave a dressing of salt (eight bushels to the acre) to land badly infested with white grubs, and for three years after raised good crops of corn, which was impossible previous to this application.

—A corrospondent of the New York *World*, in giving advice about selecting trees from the nursery, says that some young nursery trees have all their roots on one side. Such trees will invariably topple over or careen to such an extent as to render them almost worthless.

—Roast Pork: To insure the crackling being crisp and eating short, care must be taken not to put the joint too near to the fire at first; it should be placed at some little distance, if not the crackling would harden before the meat would be warmed through. If very lean a little good salad oil should be rubbed in before putting down to roast, and it must be kept thoroughly well-basted during the time of roasting.—*N. Y. Herald.*

—The *Connecticut Farmer* says: "A bottle of carbolic acid should be kept in every farm house, not only as a disinfectant, but as a wash for wounds and sores. For any purpose it should be diluted with water. Its power to destroy fungus growth makes carbolic acid invaluable in pruning orchards of pear, plum or peach where blight or disease is suspected. The pruning shears should be frequently dipped in carbolic acid water."

—Farmers who have old orchards which entirely cover the ground and which can not be cultivated or plowed up, can do no better than to cover the whole ground thickly with straw or musty hay. This is best done in the "odd years," when the orchard does not bear heavily. A covering of straw six or eight or even twelve inches thick will generally rot down and nearly disappear in a year under the shade of an old orchard. When plowing is impossible this practice is probably the best expedient. Even old corn-stalks are good for this purpose.—*Willamette Farmer.*

The Effects of Draining on the Soil.

The beneficial effects of drainage are very marked. The stagant water is removed from the surface, and from the soil to the depth of the drain. Plants need water, but they do not thrive in stagnant water. The roots of plants will even decay if kept too wet. Cultivated plants will not usually extend their roots into the soil below the line at which water stands permanently. Land which is well drained will not only be dry early in the spring, but will suffer less from drought during the hot weather of summer than the wet soil. The surface of wet land generally bakes into a hard crust when the water dries out of it, while if it is underdrained so that the water drains away, the surface will be left soft and pulverant.

Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., in his Handbook of Husbandry, sums up the advantages of tile draining, as follows: "1. It greatly lessens the evil effects of drought. 2. It enables the soil to receive a larger supply of the fertilizing gases of the atmosphere (carbonic acid and ammonia). 3. It warms the lower portions of the soil. 4. It lessens the cooking of the soil by evaporation. 5. It greatly facilitates the chemical action by which its mechanical texture is improved. 6. It tends to prevent grass lands from running out. 7. It deepens the surface soil. 8. It renders the soil earlier in the spring, and keeps off the effects of cold weather longer in the fall. 9. It prevents the throwing out of grain in winter. 10. It enables us to work much sooner after rains. 11. It prevents land from becoming sour. 12. It lessens the formation of a crust on the soil after rains in hot weather."

The late John H. Klippart, in a similar manner, summarized the advantages of draining as follows: "1. The drainage removes stagnant water from the surface. 2. It removes surplus water from under the surface. 3. It lengthens the seasons. 4. It deepens the soil. 5. It warms the soil. 6. It equalizes the temperature of the soil during the season of growth. 7. It carries down soluble substances to the roots of the plants. 8. It prevents "heaving out," or "freezing out." 9. It prevents injury from drought. 10. It improves the quality and quantity of the crop. 11. It increases the effects of manures. 12. It prevents rust in wheat, and rot in potatoes."

By draining, the rich stores of plant food which have been for ages accumulating in low, wet ground, are made available for the use of plant growth. Many of our swamps and meadows, if well drained, would prove almost as productive as the rich prairie land of the West. Many a man who has sold his farm in the Eastern States and gone West to obtain rich land, might have obtained rich land at home by draining his wet land.—*New England Farmer.*

—An application, purporting to be signed by Colonel Maurice Pinchover, has been sent to the United States Patent Office for a patent for an adjustable dog's tail. The application claims that all dogs, who, either by nature or accident, are minus a tail, encounter great difficulties in turning sharp corners, as their center of gravity is thrown too near the forelegs, and they consequently have to go slow or lose their balance The proposed tail can be fastened to the stump, and, as the dog turns to the right, the tail will tend to throw his rear to the left, thus enabling him to turn easily and rapidly without losing his equilibrium.—*Washington Star.*

A Postal Experience.

When General Burt was postmaster in this city we witnessed a scene which was quite unique. A gentleman called upon Mr. Burt and urged the importance of his business as an excuse for breaking in upon an interview. "The truth is," said the merchant, who was in a very unenviable state of mind, "your folks are very negligent. Last week I mailed thirty-two letters which required a prompt reply. Twenty were sent to New York, and we have responses, but of the twelve sent to Philadelphia we have received no reply. It is very evident they have been missent." Mr. Burt ventured to suggest that it was scarcely possible that such a mistake should have occurred, and questioned the gentleman upon his proof that the letters were ever mailed. This was met with indignation. His clerk addressed them and mailed them. Mr. Burt ordered the letters to be brought him which had accumulated for a few days in the office on account of being either without stamps or insufficient postage, and they were placed on a large table and carefully inspected. "Do you see any which look like your letters?" inquired Mr. Burt. "There is a letter about the size of mine," said the merchant. "Well, let us see," said Burt, "how many of these we can find." After a careful inspection twelve were found—white envelopes without addresses or stamps and no mark to indicate who sent them. "I've no authority to open these," said Mr. Burt, "but as there appear to be the exact number you have lost, I will take the responsibility." The letter was opened and was found to be one of the twelve. There was an apology offered, and the scene closed. It is never well to charge neglect upon the post-office authorities without a pretty sharp investigation.—*Boston Journal.*

—The secret of perpetual motion has never been discovered. There was, it is true, a clock at the Centennial Exhibition which, it was claimed, would run 100 years without being wound. The weight weighed 600 pounds, and was to fall six feet four inches during the century. This is probably as near perpetual motion as man has yet come, and even this may fail to fulfill its promise. The Government at one time offered a reward to the discoverer of perpetual motion, but that offer has been withdrawn.—*Philadelphia Press.*

—The mail-agent at Helena, Montana, was boldly frightened the other day when he thrust his hand into the mail bag. A cat had been done up in a package and shipped as mail-matter. On the way the cat broke out of its box, and when the agent placed his hand in the bag commenced to bite and scratch it in a way that made the man think he had got into the wrong place.—*Denver Tribune.*

—Marked cards enter into nearly all the games of life. The gambler at the table relies on them; the lottery dealers would not succeed without them, and the great manipulators of options in stocks and grain would not think of venturing a deal in which they have not named the trump cards and placed the cabalistic trade-marks on the backs of the rest.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

A Great Horseman.

Mr. J. H. Goldsmith, owner of the Walnut Grove stock farm, N. Y., says of the wonderful curative qualities of St. Jacobs Oil, that having long used it for rheumatism and on his breeding farm for ailments of horses and cattle, he cheerfully accords this great pain-cure his preference, as the best he ever used, in an experience of twenty years.

A CLEOPATRA'S needle should be set up to mark the floods. It would soon be full of Onioroglyphics.—*Courier Journal.*

FOR 25 years I have been afflicted with Catarrh so that I have been confined to my room for two months at a time. I have tried all the humbugs in hopes of relief, but to no success until I met with an old friend who had used Ely's Cream Balm and advised me to try it. I procured a bottle to please him, and from the first application I found relief. It is the best remedy I have ever tried.—W. C. MATHEWS, Justice of the Peace, Shenandoah, Iowa.

WET weather will influenza man when nothing else will.—*Texas Siftings.*

ENQUIRER: When is the best time to travel? When she asks you if you are going to stay to breakfast.

REDDING'S Russia Salve is an invaluable dressing for inflamed and sore joints Price 25c.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 11, 1884.

CATTLE—Exports	$ 7 10	@	$ 7 35
COTTON—Middling	....	@	10¾
FLOUR—Good to Choice	3 80	@	6 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1 07⅝	@	1 07⅞
CORN—No. 2	63¼	@	63½
OATS—Western Mixed	40	@	41
PORK—New Mess	17 50	@	17 62½

ST. LOUIS.

COTTON—Middling	....	@	10¾
BEEVES—Exports	6 50	@	7 00
Fair to Good	5 80	@	6 00
HOGS—Common to Select	5 50	@	7 05
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	4 75	@	6 00
FLOUR—XXX to Choice	3 55	@	4 70
WHEAT—No. 2 Winter	....	@	1 11
No. 3 "	....	@	1 03½
CORN—No. 2 Mixed	49	@	49¼
OATS—No. 2	33⅝	@	34
RYE—No. 2	58½	@	58¾
TOBACCO—Lugs	5 25	@	10 00
Medium Leaf	9 00	@	11 00
HAY—Choice Timothy	12 50	@	13 00
BUTTER—Choice Dairy	25	@	27
EGGS—Choice	....	@	18
PORK—New Mess	17 62½	@	18 00
BACON—Clear Rib	9¾	@	10
LARD—Prime Steam	9¾	@	9¾

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Exports	6 30	@	7 00
HOGS—Good to choice	6 85	@	7 50
SHEEP—Good to choice	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—Winter	4 75	@	5 75
Spring	4 25	@	5 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	92	@	93½
No. 2 Red	89	@	1 00
CORN—No. 2	52	@	53½
OATS—No. 2	32	@	32½
PORK—New Mess	17 70	@	17 75

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Native Steers	5 15	@	6 35
HOGS—Sales at	6 40	@	6 75
WHEAT—No. 2	....	@	86½
CORN—No. 2 mixed	41	@	41¼
OATS—No. 2	....	@	29⅞

NEW ORLEANS.

FLOUR—High Grades	5 67½	@	6 05
CORN—White	....	@	65
OATS—Western	....	@	44½
HAY—Choice	....	@	22 00
PORK—Mess	18 00	@	18 50
BACON—Clear Rib	....	@	10
COTTON—Middling	....	@	10¾

LOUISVILLE.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red	....	@	1 05
CORN—No. 2 Mixed	....	@	53
OATS—Mixed Western	37	@	37½
PORK—Mess	....	@	18 00
BACON—Clear Rib	....	@	10
COTTON—Middling	....	@	11½

REMINISCENCES OF ROCHESTER.

The Falls of the Genesee and Sam Patch's Fatal Leap—One of Its Business Houses and Its Great Magnitude.

The present floods, which are either devastating or threatening the county in every direction, are justly cause for apprehension. No matter whether they come suddenly or by slow degrees, they are, in either case, a great evil and much to be dreaded, and yet America will always be troubled by these spring overflows. Probably one of the most disastrous that was ever known, occurred in Rochester, N. Y., about twenty years ago. The Genesee River, just above the falls, where Sam Patch made his final and fatal leap, became completely blockaded by ice, forming an impassable dam, and the water coming down the Genesee River overflowed the principal portion of the city of Rochester. This catastrophe would have been repeated the present year had not the energy and foresight of the city authorities prevented it. The writer happened to be in Rochester at that time and was greatly interested in the manner in which this great catastrophe was averted. Every few moments, a roar like the peals of thunder or the booming of cannon would be heard, and in order to see this ice blasting process, the writer went to the top of the new Warner building, which overlooks the Genesee River. From here he was not only enabled to see the process uninterruptedly, but also the magnificent building which has just been completed. This is unquestionably the finest building devoted to business and manufacturing purposes in America, being entirely fireproof, eight stories high, and containing over four and a quarter acres of flooring. Mr. Warner treated your correspondent very courteously, and in the course of the conversation said:

"We are doing a tremendous business and are far behind in our orders. This is the season of the year when people, no matter how strong their constitution may be, feel, more or less, the pain and indisposition, the headaches, colds, neuralgia, rheumatism, dull pains, sore throats, coughs—all the 1,001 ills that flesh is heir to come this time of the year, if at all. It is natural, therefore, that we should be very busy. This is specially true of our Safe Rheumatic Cure, and it is crowding us very sharply for a new remedy."

"Singular, but I had forgotten that you do not advertise to cure all diseases from one bottle, as is done generally by many other medicine men, but I supposed Warner's Safe Cure was for the cure of rheumatism."

"And so it has been until our remedy which was especially for rheumatism and neuralgia, was introduced. We have been three years perfecting this new remedy. Study first taught us there were certain powerful elements in Warner's Safe Cure, better known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, that made wonderful cures in chronic and acute rheumatism, but during our investigation, we learned of a remarkable cure at a celebrated springs, and put experts to investigate and found that the springs did not contain any valuable properties, but the course of treatment that was being given there was performing all the benefit. By carefully combining the active principles of this remedy with our Safe Cure, we have produced our Safe Rheumatic Cure, and the cures it is effecting are simply wonderful, and I do not doubt it will become as popular as our Safe Cure."

"You seem to talk freely in regard to your remedies and appear to have no secrets, Mr. Warner."

"None whatever. The physician with his hundred calls and one hundred diseases, is necessarily compelled to guess at a great deal. We are enabled to follow up and perfect, while physicians can only experiment with their hundred patients and hundred diseases. With the ordinary physician, the code binds dim down, so that if he makes a discovery, he is bound to give it to the other physicians, which, of course, discourages investigation, to a great extent. This is why the great discoveries in medical science of late years have been made by chemists and scientists and not by physicians, and it in a measure accounts for the great value of our remedies, also for the remarkable success of all those doctors who make a specialty of one or two diseases."

"And you find that you are curing as great a number of people as ever before?"

"Yes, a far greater number. We never sold so much of our medicine as now and never knew of so many remarkable cures."

The writer departed after the above interview, but was greatly impressed, not only by the sincerity of Mr. Warner, but by the vastness of all he saw. Mr. Warner's medicines are used throughout the entire length and breadth of the land, and we doubt not the result they are effecting are really as wonderful as they are related to be.

THE thief's favorite metals—steal and then I run.

I HAVE seen remarkable results from use of Swift's Specific on a cancer. A young man near here has been afflicted five years with the most angry looking eating cancer I ever saw, and was nearly dead. The first bottle made a wonderful change, and after five bottles were taken, he is nearly or quite well. It is truly wonderful.
M. F. CRUMLEY, M. D., Oglethorpe, Ga.

THE didn't-know-it-was-loaded man will always live, and frequently die.—*Chicago Tribune.*

IT GIVES us great pleasure to state that the merchant who was reported to be at the point of death from an attack of Pneumonia has entirely recovered by the use of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and in giving publicity to this statement we are actuated by motives of public benefaction, trusting that others may be benefited.

ALWAYS behind time—the back of the clock.—*N. Y. Mail.*

Color Your Butter.

Farmers that try to sell white butter are all of the opinion that dairying does not pay. If they would use Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Improved Butter Color, and market their butter in perfect condition, they would still get good prices, but it will not pay to make any but the best in color and quality. This color is used by all the leading creameries and dairymen, and is sold by druggists and merchants.

"LOVE is an infernal transport," says a writer. Ah, yes; so is a dumb-waiter.—*N. Y. Journal.*

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup," for feverishness, worms, constipation, tasteless. 25c

WHAT boats do lovers like best? Why, smacks, of course.

"Rough on Coughs," 15c., at Druggists. Complete cure Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat.

ROLLING stock—Cattle trains pitched down an embankment.

PUBLIC speakers and singers use Piso's Cure for hoarseness and weak lungs.

NOTHING is gained by finding a man out. That is if you want to collect a bill.

Thousands of ladies cherish grateful remembrances of the help derived from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases. *They are used always with good success.*

POWDER is like money. It's awful hard to hold after it begins to go.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

"DR. RICHMOND'S *Saramitan Nervine* cured me of Epilepsy." Jacob Sutes, St. Joseph, Mo.

"You claim too much for *Samaritan Nervine*," says a skeptic. Its patrons say just the opposite.

An exchange says mush has become a popular dish in society. Nothing seems to take in society like something soft.—*Chicago Herald.*

"Buchu-paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases, $1.

DR. WILLIAMS' Indian Pile Ointment. Warranted to cure any case of blind, bleeding or itching piles. At druggists.

THE pink of politeness—the blush that follows a kind act.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

Skinny Men. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, $1.

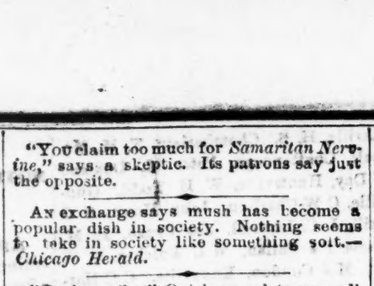
Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar Cures throat and lung affections. Don't trifle. Pike's toothache drops cure in 1 min.

"Rough on Corns." 15c. Ask for it. Complete cure, hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

A Messenger of Health.

Sent free to sufferers from nervous, chronic and blood diseases, brain and heart affections, nervous debility, etc. It tells of wonderful cures effected by Dr. Scott's Coca, Beef and Iron, with Phosphorus. Sold by druggists; $1. Dr. Scott, Kansas City, Mo.

ST. JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

CURES

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica

Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, And All Other BODILY PAINS and ACHES.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

LIVELY Boys & Girl as Agents make big pay easy. Outfit 4c. CURTIS & CO., Fair Haven, Ct.

CURE CURE for Epilepsy, Fits or Spasms. FREE TO POOR. DR. KRUSE MED. CO., 2228 Hickory st., St. Louis, Mo.

OPIUM and WHISKY HABITS cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent free. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy and earn big wages. Situations furnished. Address with stamp, VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

$65 A MONTH and BOARD for three live Young Men or Ladies, in each county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Chicago, Ill.

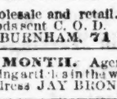
Good Pay for Agents. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our fine Books & Bibles. Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

HAIR Wholesale and retail. Send for price-list. Goods sent C. O. D. Wigs made to order. E. BURNHAM, 71 State Street, Chicago.

$250 A MONTH. Agents Wanted. 90 best selling articles in the world. 1 sample FREE. Address JAY BRONSON, DETROIT, MICH

FOR LADIES USE. The grandest article. Send stamp for illustrated circular. Dr. H. G. PARR, 75 Essex Street, Boston, Mass.

DYER'S BEARD ELIXIR



Produces a heavy beard in 30 days. Price per Package with directions sealed and postpaid $1.00. Sample 25 cts. Sold by druggists, wholesale and retail. L. A. L. SMITH & CO., Agents, Palatine, Ill.

NORTHERN SEED POTATOES.

The increased yield and earlier maturity of Northern Potatoes is well known. I make a specialty of Potatoes For Seed and grow them in Northern Michigan. I am selling more than twenty of the best new varieties as low as $3 Per Barrel. At this price every grower can afford to change his seed and it will Pay him to do so. Send for Potato Catalogue, or $3 for sample bbl. of our best early kinds.

J. C. VAUGHAN, Seedsman, 43 LaSalle St., CHICAGO, ILL.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

The want of a reliable diuretic which, while acting as a stimulant of the kidneys, neither excites nor irritates them, was long since supplied by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This fine medicine exerts the requisite degree of stimulation upon these organs, without producing irritation, and is, therefore, far better adapted for the purpose than unmedicated excitants often resorted to. Dyspepsia, fever and ague, and kindred diseases, are all cured by it. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

CANCER

The experience in the treatment of Cancer with Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) would seem to warrant us in saying that it will cure this much dreaded scourge. Persons so afflicted are invited to correspond with us.

I believe Swift's Specific has saved my life. I had virtually lost use of the upper part of my body and my arms from the poisonous effects of a large cancer on my neck, from which I had suffered for twenty years. S. S. S. has relieved me of all soreness, and the poison is being forced out of my system. I will soon be well.
W. R. ROBISON, Davisboro, Ga.

Two months ago my attention was called to the case of a woman afflicted with a cancer on her shoulder at least five inches in circumference, angry, painful, and giving the patient no rest day or night for six months. I obtained a supply of Swift's Specific for her. She has taken five bottles, and the ulcer is entirely healed up, only a very small scab remaining, and her health is better than for five years past; seems to be perfectly cured. REV. JESSE H. CAMPBELL, Columbus, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.
New York Office, 159 West 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

Causes no Pain or Dread. Gives Relief at Once. Not a liquid or snuff. Applied with the finger. Thorough treatment will cure.

Price, 50 cents, by mail or at druggists.
ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!

Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circular B. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH

Easy to use. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months' treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists, or by mail.
E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease: by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

SAMARITAN NERVINE NEVER FAILS.

IS UNFAILING AND INFALLIBLE IN CURING *Epileptic Fits, Spasms,* Falling Sickness, Convulsions, St. Vitus Dance, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Scrofula, and all Nervous and Blood Diseases.

☞ To Clergymen, Lawyers, Literary Men, Merchants, Bankers, Ladies and all whose sedentary employment causes Nervous Prostration, Irregularities of the blood, stomach, bowels or Kidneys, or who require a nerve tonic, appetizer or stimulant, *Samaritan Nervine* is invaluable.

☞ Thousands proclaim it the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained a sinking system. $1.50 per bottle.

THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR

The DR. S. A. RICHMOND MEDICAL CO., Sole Proprietors, St. Joseph, Mo.

Sold by all Druggists. (18)

LORD, STOUTENBURG & CO., Agents, Chicago, Ill.

CAIN

Health and Happiness.

How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys disordered?
"Kidney Wort brought me from my grave, as it were, after I had been given up by 13 best doctors in Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mechanic, Ionia, Mich.

Are your nerves weak?
"Kidney Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c., after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. B. Goodwin, Ed. *Christian Monitor* Cleveland, O.

Have you Bright's Disease?
"Kidney Wort cured me when my water was just like chalk and then like blood."
Frank Wilson, Peabody, Mass.

Suffering from Diabetes?
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Gives almost immediate relief."
Dr. Philip C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

Have you Liver Complaint?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of chronic Liver Diseases after I prayed to die."
Henry Ward, late Col. 69th Nat. Guard, N. Y.

Is your Back lame and aching?
"Kidney-Wort, (1 bottle) cured me when I was so lame I had to roll out of bed."
C. M. Tallmage, Milwaukee, Wis.

Have you Kidney Disease?
"Kidney-Wort made me sound in liver and kidneys after years of unsuccessful doctoring. Its worth $20 a box."—Sam'l Hodges, Williamstown, West Va.

Are you Constipated?
"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 15 years use of other medicines."
Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

Have you Malaria?
"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice."
Dr. H. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken."
Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort *permanently cured* me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. C. Kline recommended it to me."
Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me, after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years."
Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it." Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take

KIDNEY-WORT

THE BLOOD CLEANSER.

Answer This.

Is there a person living who ever saw a case of ague, biliousness, nervousness or neuralgia, or any disease of the stomach, liver or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?

My mother says Hop Bitters is the only thing that will keep her from severe attacks of paralysis and headache.—*Ed. Oswego Sun.*

My little sickly, puny baby, was changed into a great bouncing boy and I was raised from a sick bed by using Hop Bitters a short time. A YOUNG MOTHER.

No use to worry about any Liver, Kidney or Urinary Trouble, especially Bright's Disease or Diabetes, as Hop Bitters never fails of a cure where a cure is possible.

I had severe attacks of gravel and kidney trouble; was unable to get any medicine or doctor to cure me until I used Hop Bitters. They cured me in a short time.
T. R. ATTY.

Unhealthy or inactive kidneys cause gravel, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and a horde of other serious and fatal diseases, which can be prevented with Hop Bitters if taken in time.

Ludington, Mich., Feb. 2, 1879.—I have sold Hop Bitters for four years, and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks, kidney complaints and all diseases incident to this malarial climate.
H. T. ALEXANDER.

Monroe, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.—SIRS: I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of kidneys and bladder, it has done for me what four doctors failed to do—cured me. The effect of the Bitters seemed like magic to me. W. L. CARTER.

GENTS—Your Hop Bitters have been of great value to me. I was laid up with typhoid for over two months, and could get no relief until I tried your Hop Bitters. To those suffering from debility or any one in feeble health, I cordially recommend them.
J. C. STOETZEL, 638 Fulton st., Chicago, Ill.

ELECTROPATHIC ASSN LIMITED BELT OF LIFE

GENTLEMAN'S. LADY'S.

ELECTRICITY, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY and CHIEF RESTORER of IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY.

Prof. Baker's Belt of Life.

The only effectual, Rational, and simple Adaptation of Self-Applicable Medical Electricity, For the treatment of Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Deafness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Lumbago, Indigestion, Epilepsy, Nervous or General Debility and other Nervous, Muscular, and Functional Derangements, PROFESSOR BAKER'S "Belt of Life" Can always be relied on To afford Speedy Relief And Ultimate Cure In any of the Above ailments And diseases.

THE BELT OF LIFE, For either a Lady or Gentleman. Price, $6.00

On receipt of Post-Office Money Order, Draft or Currency, for $6, with 25 cents added for packing and registration, payable to G. J. BAKER, Managing Director, THE ELECTROPATHIC ASSOCIATION, Limited, 12 East 14th Street, New York, together with measurement round waist under clothing, we will forward, post-free, to any part of the United States, the BELT OF LIFE.

A 48-page Treatise, entitled "HYGIENE, OR THE ART OF PRESERVING HEALTH," post free on application. Note Address:
ELECTROPATHIC ASSOCIATION, Limited, 12 E. 14th Street, New York.
EUROPEAN OFFICE: London, 21 Holborn Viaduct

SEED Northern Grown, all tested; reliable, fresh, cheap. New wheat for Illinois, Iowa and the West. Catal Free. J. SALZER, Box 3, LaCrosse, Wis

FREE By return mail. Full Description Moody's New Tailor System of Dress Cutting. MOODY & CO, Cincinnati, O.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.'S

SEEDS AND PLANTS

Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!

☞ This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.

PETER HENDERSON & CO. { 35 & 37 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK.

PREMIUMS TO SUBSCRIBERS

OUR SUNNY SOUTH $1.00 PER YEAR.

FOR SEMI-MONTHLY 8 PAGES. 48 COLUMNS.

NO DISTRIBUTION NO BLANKS NO POSTPONEMENT NO LOTTERY FRAUD

THE FOURTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS among subscribers to "OUR SUNNY SOUTH" will take place MAY 30th, 1884. Every person who subscribes for the paper before that date, will receive a certificate in the distribution free, and every subscriber is guaranteed a premium. Among the many premiums to be distributed are

$1000 cash $500 cash $250 cash

160 ACRES OF LAND, ELEGANT $500 PIANO, ORGANS, WATCHES, HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES, BOOKS, NOVELTIES, ETC.

Everything guaranteed satisfactory or money refunded. We desire to introduce our paper into 100,000 new homes this year. Our Company is chartered by the State of Texas, with a Capital of $25,000. Our Printing Establishment is the largest in the South. Our Company is endorsed by the entire Press and People of the South, as strictly reliable. We are the originators of the "NO BLANK" distribution plan, and have many imitators, whose extravagant offers are deceiving the people. Our offers are LIBERAL YET REASONABLE.

Our SUNNY SOUTH is published, semi-monthly, devoted to the interests of the farm and fireside. Send one dollar, at once, for a year's subscription and a certificate in the May distribution.

AGENTS WANTED. Send for full particulars. The first subscription received from each neighborhood will entitle the sender to full agent's outfit free. Address, SUNNY SOUTH CO., Brownwood, Texas.

For a club of two subscribers and $2, we will send free a set of silver-plated spoons. For four subscribers and $4, we will send an extra copy of the paper for one year, and certificate, free. Our paper is the popular family journal of the South, and has already over 40,000 subscribers. It is no new enterprise, but has been established for eight years, and, by fair dealing and honest treatment, has won the confidence of the people.

The Postmaster at Brownwood, Texas, says: "The SUNNY SOUTH Co., of this place, is strictly reliable and trustworthy, and no one need hesitate to send them money, or fear being defrauded."

CANCER

AURORA

INSTITUTE.

Established, 1872: Incorporated, 1881. For the cure of Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula and SKIN DISEASES, without the use of knife or LOSS OF BLOOD, and little pain. For INFORMATION, CIRCULARS AND REFERENCES, address DR. F. L. POND, Aurora, Kane Co., Ill.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings with HEEL and TOE complete in twenty minutes. It will also knit a great variety of fancy work for which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the Twombly Knitting Machine Co., 183 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

PILES "Anakesis" gives instant relief, and is an *infallible cure* for Piles. Price $1, from druggists, or sent prepaid by mail. Samples free. Ad. "ANAKESIS," Makers, Box 2416, New York.

"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

SAW MILLS, ENGINES THRESHERS, HORSE POWERS,

(For all sections and purposes.) Write for Free Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

Lady Agents can secure permanent employment and good salary selling Queen City Skirt and Stocking Supporters, etc. Sample outfit Free. Address Queen City Suspender Co., Cincinnati, O

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post-Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.
Address DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

THIS NEW ELASTIC TRUSS

Has a Pad different from all others, is cup shape, with self Adjusting Ball in center, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the ball in the cup presses back the intestines just as a person does with the finger. With light pressure the Hernia is held securely day and night, and a radical cure certain. It is easy, durable and cheap. Sent by mail. Circulars free. EGGLESTON TRUSS CO., 69 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

RUSSELL & CO.'S ANNUAL for Farm and Plantation use. Name this paper. Just issued. Sent free to all interested in Improved Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Saw-Mills and Engines RUSSELL & CO., Massillon, O.

A. N. K., B. 969

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper. Advertisers like to know when and where their advertisements are paying best.